place today for unbundled loops. If it's a double step, we ask that the interval be extended. It depends on what type of service is being asked for, what type of unbundled network element is being asked for.

In the case of line sharing, because that is down to a three-business-day interval already today, we might need longer to perform a multiple-step LST. So that could add two to three days onto the order, potentially.

In a lot of cases, we are able to provision even a double step within the standard three-business-day line sharing interval.

If it requires a build-out of copper or UDLC facilities, I know Mr. Albert will speak up here, but we could be talking 30, 60 days. Again, that would be included in the estimate back to the CLEC.

MR. ALBERT: That would be like the worst case max. You could have some that are a couple weeks, you could have some on the extremely long end, where we've got to put completely new equipment

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or not.

in the central office that ran to the extreme. 1 MS. NATOLI: Are those intervals somehow 2 3 excluded from -- is this recognized, then, as an exception to your performance plan measurement 4 intervals that you're held to for provisioning loops 5 6 somehow? 7 MS. CLAYTON: Yes. MS. NATOLI: Why, because you're claiming 8 9 that that's a new construction? MS. CLAYTON: It is new construction. 10 MS. NATOLI: I know it is new 11 construction, but that's the reasoning why it 12 wouldn't have to be? 13 MS. CLAYTON: Yes. And I think it's new 14 as well. I mean, the triennial order came out, had 15 an effective date of October 2. This is new 16 activity that we're performing for CLECs. 17 going to have to start interfacing with them now, as 18 far as sending a query back to them saying there are 19 work activities involved, there are charges 20

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involved, do you want us to proceed with the order

1	So there's a delay in time right there							
2	that needs to be accommodated for us that we never							
3	had to consider. So we are asking that it be							
4	excluded at this time from metrics.							
5	MR. LERNER: All these witnesses have							
6	testified already, so there's no testimony to be							
7	submitted into evidence for them additionally;							
8	right?							
9	MR. LERNER: We'll go ahead with issue							
10	C25, then. Parties have both waived							
11	cross-examination.							
12	MR. LERNER: Well, some of the faces are							
13	new. Do we have a name card for							
14	MR. PERKINS: We seem to have misplaced							
15	it.							
16	MR. LERNER: Witnesses will introduce							
17	themselves, and the court reporter will then swear							
18	them in.							
19	MR. AGRO: Louis Agro, Verizon.							
20	MR. ROMANO: Gregory Romano, Verizon.							
21	MR. WHITT: David Whitt, Cavalier							
22	Telephone.							

1	MR. GRANT: Lee Grant, Cavalier Telephone.							
2	Whereupon,							
3	LOUIS AGRO,							
. 4	GREGORY ROMANO,							
5	DAVID WHITT, and							
6	LEE GRANT							
7	were called as witnesses and, having first been duly							
8	sworn, were examined and testified as follows:							
9	MR. ADAMS: I guess we can begin with							
10	Cavalier. Are you aware of any other							
11	interconnection agreements which include a similar							
12	provision similar to what you're proposing here, in							
13	terms of limitation on the well, the exemption on							
14	the limitation on liability?							
15	MR. GRANT: I personally am not aware of							
16	any other interconnection agreements that have.							
17	MR. ADAMS: Mr. Whitt?							
18	MR. WHITT: I'm not, other than I know in							
19	terms of some of the stuff we've done in the past							
20	with antitrust proceedings that are in the current							
21	agreement, we've been able to proceed in that							
22	direction but not specifically with this language.							

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1	MR. ADAMS: Okay. And are you familiar							
2	with the language that was proposed in the							
3	WorldCom/AT&T/Verizon the previous Virginia							
4	arbitration?							
5	MR. WHITT: I am not specifically.							
6	MR. ADAMS: Mr. Grant?							
7	MR. GRANT: I am not.							
8	MR. ADAMS: Verizon states, I think, in							
9	the rebuttal testimony that states that it is							
10	willing to exclude defamation, misleading or							
11	inaccurate advertising and violation of the							
12	antitrust laws from this exception to the							
13	limitation, so I guess it's an exemption to the							
14	exception on the limitation.							
15	What other sorts of liability would you							
16	ask to be excluded from the limitations on							
17	liability?							
18	MR. GRANT: I will speak to that. I think							
19	it's pretty clear that we are asking for a general							
20	limit as to state and federal laws, and in addition							
21	to state and federal regulations the limitation							

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of liability exclusion that we have proposed is

specifically related to state and federal laws that would be in regards to telecommunications law, and also state and federal regulations that would be interpreting those laws.

Specifically, if you look at the rebuttal that was provided, and also the proposed language I think is pretty clear that it relates to those type of circumstances.

MR. ADAMS: Okay. Could you give me a -- well, I asked that.

We'll move on to Verizon. This may have been answered by Cavalier, but I'll ask it anyhow.

Given that Verizon has indicated its willingness to exclude defamation, misleading or inaccurate advertising or violation of the antitrust laws from the limitations on liability, from what other forms of liability are you seeking protection by opposing this language?

MR. ROMANO: Well, the open-ended nature of the language, I think, could be interpreted to render the limitation of liability clause meaningless, because the proposal by Cavalier speaks

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1	to any damages arising from a violation of federal								
2	or state law or regulation. So arguably, any								
3	violation of the interconnection agreement could be								
4	construed to be a violation of federal or state law								
5	or regulation, and therefore, creating an exception								
6	like this would basically render the whole								
7	limitation of liability provision meaningless.								
8	MR. GRANT: I would like to add something								
9	to that. I think, again, if you just look at the								
10	language, it's not as broad, it doesn't say state or								
11	federal law. It says state or federal law governing								
12	the provision of telecommunications services. I								
13	think that should be somewhat of a distinction.								
14	MR. ROMANO: It goes on to say "or								
15	commerce more generally." So it's not just limited								
16	to telecommunications services.								
17	MR. ADAMS: Mr. Grant, you look like								
18	you're ready to respond.								
19	MR. GRANT: Well, "or commerce," I'm not								
20	sure I didn't draft this specific provision, so								

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telecommunications services or if commerce is meant

I'm not sure if commerce relates back to

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to be left out and a general term.

MR. ROMANO: May I respond to that?

MR. ADAMS: Please.

MR. ROMANO: The way I read it, it speaks to state or federal law governing the provision of telecommunications services, then goes on to say "or commerce more generally." That phrase "commerce more generally" to me is not impacted by the phrase "telecommunications."

MR. ADAMS: If you were to strike the term "and commerce more generally," would that be more satisfactory?

I see counsel shaking her head.

MR. ROMANO: No, it would not,
particularly because it goes on to speak to not only
the law governing telecommunications services or
commerce more generally, but also speaks to state or
federal regulations governing telecommunications,
which as I indicated earlier, I think an argument
could be made that any violation of the
interconnection agreement could arguably be a
violation of a regulation implementing federal law

in communications.

MR. GRANT: I think a key point to understand here is, this isn't a one-sided situation. It's going to apply to both parties equally. So we're not talking about slant as far as liability, it's going to be equally imposed on both parties, to both Verizon and Cavalier.

MR. ADAMS: I don't have any further questions.

understand the limitation of liability -- I've seen the additional things that you're willing to add to your exclusion list. Does your language, even with those things added, what would happen in the case of gross or intentional misconduct that would occur, for example, in a scenario where, you know, a Verizon technician on behalf of Cavalier servicing some facility did something intentional or something like that? Does your limitation of liability cover that or exclude that?

MR. ROMANO: Well, one of the exceptions to the limitation of liability provisions is for

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indemnification, the indemnification provisions in section 24. Now, those -- that provision speaks to negligence leading to personal injury or death or property damage or personal property damage. So in that case, that is excepted from the limitation of liability provision.

But in terms of intentional or willful misconduct with regard to the provision of telecommunications services, is that what you're --

MS. NATOLI: Well, both actually, because I think they're both relevant questions.

MR. ROMANO: Well, in that case, the limitation of liability provision would apply in the sense that you have the service failure provision, which limits a recovery for a particular service failure to the amount that the customer is paying for a particular service in a particular month, and then the second piece of the limitation of liability provision goes on to say that no consequential, incidental damages --

MS. NATOLI: Okay, and this is to Verizon generally, not just to the two witnesses, and I'm

sorry I have to ask it this way, but it relates to an issue we discussed yesterday, and I think I mentioned that to me it was tied to the limitation of liability issue, and it had to do with -- I can't remember what --

MS. NEWMAN: The defamation or disparagement?

MS. NATOLI: It was in the disparagement issue, and it was when the witness from Verizon said we have ways of dealing with that, and then he also said there are other remedies available to Cavalier to -- against Verizon to cover that situation if they have suffered true monetary damage by losing a substantial customer.

And this qualification that Mr. Romano has mentioned is exactly what I thought the limitation of liability would prevent Cavalier from bringing any cause of action in any way to recover from that loss that they suffered as a result of an intentional act on the part of a Verizon employee, whether or not Verizon condoned that action. Okay?

Do you see what my issue is?

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MS. NEWMAN: Keep me honest, Greg, but isn't the exception that we just proposed in your rebuttal testimony embracing defamation as well?

MR. ROMANO: It is. There is a specific exclusion for defamation, so if disparagement rose

to the level of defamation, that would be

7 | excluded --

MS. NATOLI: But defamation is a really tough thing to prove. Defamation, the standard for defamation per se. Intentional action on the part of Verizon employees that don't amount to defamation but are intentional misconduct.

I guess to me, that's the one that's actually more relevant here than defamation, is intentional misconduct and the conduct of a service-affecting activity.

MR. ROMANO: Okay. But to me, there are other remedies that are involved. You have the performance assurance plan that's excluded from the limitation of liability provision, and the limitation of liability provision doesn't prevent recovery of damages, it just limits recovery in

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terms of consequential --

MS. NATOLI: Right. But these aren't -the issues that I'm -- we were talking about yesterday, and I recognized you weren't here, I apologize to have to make you think of what we were talking about, but they're not performance assurance events.

It dealt with particular provisions that Cavalier was asking for relating to customer -their customer contacts in -- that occur through some Verizon employee contact with their customer, relating to the provision of Cavalier's service.

And Cavalier was asking for specific monetary -- in another provision of the agreement, specific monetary liquidated damages as a result of those types of egregious employee-related misconduct, so to speak.

And Verizon wasn't disputing the fact that this kind of employee misconduct occasionally could occur, because you obviously can't control all the actions of all of your employees every day, every second. And I had asked the question, you know,

isn't in that scenario some kind of compensation or some kind of redress appropriate for Cavalier, in which case then the witness said then they have other recourse, other courses of action they could bring along to get that.

I understood your limitation of liability clause to prevent that from happening, and I think we've -- it seems like we're confirming that it would, as currently written, prevent that.

MR. ROMANO: Well, it wouldn't prevent it necessarily. It would impose a limitation on the amount of --

MS. NATOLI: Yeah, but just to the -explain to me what the amount that you understand
would be -- it would limit it to the cost of the
service. So if he's buying the UNE at 30 -- I don't
know, whatever, \$30 a month, then they're absolved
of \$30 a month.

MR. ROMANO: If the thing at issue was a service failure. If it was not a service failure, and it was something in connection with the agreement, the only limitation would be it couldn't

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include consequential, indirect, special type damages.

MS. NEWMAN: We can address this also more clearly, of course, in our post hearing briefs, but I will leave you with this thought. The kinds of conduct that Cavalier complained of yesterday in terms of -- or the provision of the telecommunication service, that conduct goes on all the time in other industries, and you have --

> MS. NATOLI: Right.

MS. NEWMAN: You have rights under the law and 500 years of -- proves you have rights such as defamation is one, and I'm sure there are other remedies one can pursue. And what specifically Cavalier identified for us was defamation, in particular. That is why we came back and came up with this exception.

So the only other things limited -whatever other rights they would have would fall into the limitation of liability.

MS. NATOLI: You're saying, then, they're not entitled to any kind of recovery for any other

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1	kind of intentional interference that's an easier
2	one to do.
3	MS. NEWMAN: Is that the claim they are
4	now asserting they want to pursue?
5	MS. NATOLI: No, no, I'm asking this from
6	our the FCC's understanding of this. It's
7	actually more it's information that is helpful in
8	understanding or addressing the issue from yesterday
9	more so than this particular limitation of liability
10	issue.
11	But I didn't want to go into all of this
12	yesterday in relation to that issue, because we
13	hadn't gotten to this yet, to understand it. And if
14	intentional misconduct was somehow not included in
15	this limitation of liability provision, it would
16	have I wouldn't even have the question.
17	MR. ROMANO: May I add one thing?
18	MS. NATOLI: Sure.
19	MR. PERKINS: If I could maybe respond
20	very briefly to what Ms. Newman said.
21	MS. NATOLI: Sure. Is it appropriate to
22	do that before we hear from Mr. Romano?

MR. PERKINS: Well, I think they added -yes, I think so. They added those other three
points in response to some discovery questions, I
believe, that we posed. The remaining point to
Cavalier is -- the remaining issue for Cavalier, I
think, could probably be narrowed to liability for
violations of the Communications Act and the
regulations under that act and similar state laws
and regulations.

I don't know if that would help focus things a little bit.

MS. NATOLI: It does, with respect to what you meant by "under state telecommunications laws."

Did you mean the provision for that particular issue; did you mean other than what is specifically governed by this agreement? Did you mean -- or did you mean including things that are covered by this agreement?

MR. PERKINS: Including. I think title 56 of the Virginia code is the appropriate reference, and 47 USC sections 151 and following for the federal law.

1	MS. NATOLI: So you really do mean							
2	everything governed by this agreement, as well,							
3	okay.							
4	MS. NEWMAN: So we're not talking about							
5	remedies of common law.							
6	MR. PERKINS: No, I think we've pretty							
7	much agreed to limit the breach of contract and							
8	common law causes.							
9	MS. NATOLI: Right. With respect to this							
10	provision.							
11	MR. PERKINS: Yes, with respect to							
12	MS. NATOLI: My issue relates to the issue							
13	from yesterday and the effect of this provision in a							
14	more general sense to that issue.							
15	MR. PERKINS: Briefing was I thought it							
16	would help focus this issue.							
17	MS. NATOLI: That is good, because I think							
18	we did want to know about the telecom exception as							
19	well.							
20	MR. ROMANO: Just one thing. In							
21	Cavalier's proposal about the telecommunications law							
22	and regulation doesn't speak to a willful misconduct							

1	or intentional acts at all. It just is a blanket							
2	statement.							
3	MS. NATOLI: Right, okay. That's it.							
4	MR. LERNER: We have testimony that needs							
5	to be offered into evidence?							
6	MR. PERKINS: Yes, Cavalier would move the							
7	admission of Mr. Grant's rebuttal testimony as							
8	Exhibit C-20.							
9	MS. NEWMAN: Verizon would also move into							
10	evidence the testimony of Gregory Romano dated							
11	September 23, 2003 as Verizon Exhibit 13.							
12	The rebuttal testimony of Gregory Romano							
13	dated October 9, 2003 and marked as Verizon Exhibit							
14	14, as well as the rebuttal testimony of Louie Agro							
15	dated October 9, 2003, now marked as Verizon Exhibit							
16	15.							
17	MR. LERNER: They are admitted.							
18	(Verizon Exhibits 13, 14 and 15, and							
19	C-20 received.)							
20	MR. LERNER: We will now take a break for							
21	lunch and resume with issue C27 and then any other							

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issues that we need to discuss at 2:00.

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